

## Importance Of Oversight And Monitoring (0&m)

Integrity and transparency one of four pillars of public procurement Ë includes oversight and monitoring

Over us\$9 trillion spent annually on public procurement of goods, works and services

20-30% of each contract goes to corruption

Oversight and monitoring key to prevent corruption in public procurement



## What, Why, Who And When

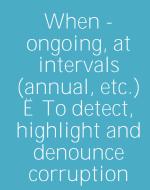
What - watch over public procurement processes Ë procurement cycle



Why - to ensure transparency, accountability and quality and timely delivery of services



Who - internal





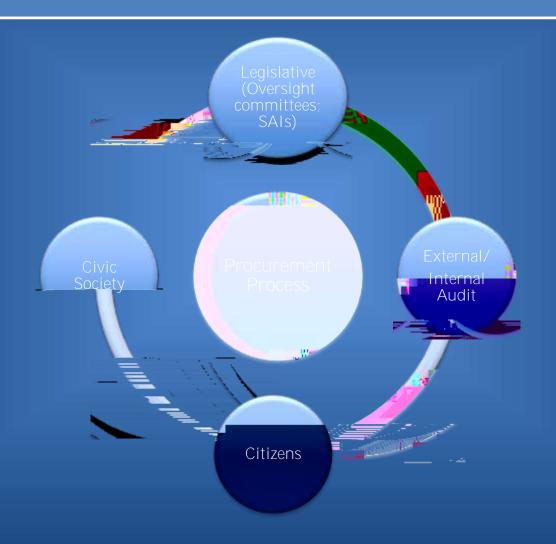
## Oversight And Monitoring

Oversight focuses at macro level on implementation of policy, programs and operations in compliance with laws and regulations

Monitoring tracks progress in implementation of functions, programs and operations at micro level

Objective of both oversight and monitoring is economic and efficient use of public funds,

## Procurement Oversight and Monitoring Process





### Basis of Oversight and Monitoring

Legislation and regulations (oversight, budget, financial control, procurement, etc.)

UN convention against corruption OECD principles of integrity in public procurement

WTO GPA

**EU** Directives



### Stakeholders Ë Interest and Role

STAKEHOLDERS	INTEREST	ROLE
Public stakeholders (legislative, executive, judiciary, including parliament/congress, government agencies, etc.	Well-functioning systems in compliance with laws/regulations	Overseeing and monitoring, promoting civic engagement
Private stakeholders (Civil society		

# Stakeholders O&M Role During Procurement Cycle

PRE-BID (REGULATORY AUTHÔRITY, CIVIL SOCIETY)

### Oversight and Monitoring Tools

Budget and planning Ex-ante and ex-post reviews Performance measurement External/internal audit Integrity pacts Third party audits Databases Advocacy Bid complaint resolution Electronic procurement Open contracting



## Examples Of Good Practices from Europe ad Central Asia

Kyrgyz Republic Ë Active participation of civil society in public procurement through public supervision committees

Georgia Ë Tender monitor and transparent eprocurement

Lithuania Ë Access to public procurement information and data online

FYR Macedonia Ë Well functioning eprocurement system increasing transparency Poland Ë N]\_By (ghah) ai X]hcZZ]W) abbi a` audit plans based on identification of risks



# Examples of Good O&M Practices from Other Regions

Australia - Austender Ë Procurement data online Brazil Ë

#### MDBs Oversight and Monitoring Arrangements

Risk identification and mitigation
Continuous monitoring of procurement at all stages of procurement cycle
Prior and ex-post review of contracts
Internal and external audit
Evaluation



## Challenges and Opportunities

Opportunities	Challenges
Transparency and value for money	Ineffective O&M leading to poor functioning system Ë

#### TI Index 2014 and O&M E Is there a Relation?

EASTERN EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA				CENTRAL EUROPE (EU)	
COUNTRY	RANKING/ 175	COUNTRY	RANKING/ 175	COUNTRY	RANKING/ 175
Georgia	50	Belarus	191	Poland	35
The FYR of Macedonia	64	Azerbaijan	126	Lithuania	39
Turkey	64	Kazakhstan	126	Slovenia	39
Montenegro	76	Kyrgyzstan	136	Latvia	43
Serbia	76	Russia	136	Hungary	47

### Way Forward E Issues to Consider

Pc`]h]Wa`k]``hc Yb\abW gha\_Y\c`XYfgDfc`Y]b public procurement Strategy for civic engagement

Legal basis

Government interest and role

Right to information

Funding of stakeholders

Stakeholders capacity

Adequacy of partnership between public and private stakeholders



### THANK YOU

